Confidentiality and Privacy of Student Health Information

Task Force to Study Electronic
Health Records

June 12, 2006

Presentation Objectives

Participants will:

 Acquire information about FERPA and school health records

 Acquire information about HIPAA and school health records

 Identify issues related to the use of electronic health information exchange on school health records

CONFIDENTIAL

CUMULATIVE

HEALTH

SPECIAL EDUCATION

PSYCHOLOGICAL

STUDENT RECORDS - ALL RECORDS BELONGING TO A STUDENT ARE CONSIDERED CONFIDENTIAL AND ONE RECORD

Considered "educational records"

- Governed by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)
- FERPA requires confidentiality of educational records

 FERPA allows parents to access all of their children's education records

FERPA does not defer to state laws regarding minor consent

 FERPA protects the privacy of education records in schools receiving federal funds and those records are exempt from HIPAA

Minor Consent

- Minors in Maryland have the capacity to consent to:
- TX for/advice about:
 - ETOHism
 - Drug abuse
 - STIs
 - Pregnancy
 - Contraception (not sterilization)



Minor Consent

• Minors in Maryland have the capacity to consent to:

> Physical exam and tx of injuries from alleged rape or sexual offense

 Initial medical screening/physical exam on and after admission into detention center



Emancipated Minor

An issue of local determination

 The terminology is not defined in State law or regulation

 Local school systems develop their own policies on emancipation

 FERPA does not distinguish between student health records and other education records

 Some school systems may be hybrids where HIPAA or FERPA may cover specific areas of the organization

- Maintained until age 21.
- Students without immunization records have 20 calendar days to complete required immunizations.
- If not completed, student is excluded.
- Entire health record is sent with a student who transfers.
- Students enrollment must be followed to track required immunization records.

School-based Health Center Records

- School-based health center (SBHC) health records are independent from student education records
- SBHCs are considered HIPAA covered entities if they electronically submit student health data

HIPAA and FERPA

- Safeguardsprotected healthinformation (PHI)
- Does not apply to FERPA governed education records
- Permits disclosure of PHI with a valid authorization

- Protects education records ("legitimate educational interest")
- HIPAA privacy rule may affect how health care
 providers share PHI
- LSS consent forms to covered entities must have valid elements

Immunizations

- HIPAA does not specifically address disclosure of immunization information
- HIPAA permits disclosure of PHI by a public health authority for certain purposes e.g.,:
 - Preventing/controlling disease or injury
 - Vital events: birth and death
 - Communicable disease exposure
 - Child abuse/neglect reporting

IMMUNET

 DHMH has an electronic database containing immunizations of children

 School nurses are being trained to use this database

 School nurses do not have writing privileges, but can view the database

Medication/Treatment Orders

 Need to use Privacy Rule valid authorization to request orders from HIPAA covered entities

 Valid authorization also required when requesting medical records

HIPAA and Schools



- Health and Human Services and the Office of Civil Rights have not provided written guidance for schools
- An education facility may voluntarily elect to give student health records any additional protections accorded under HIPAA, in addition to complying with FERPA

Role of the School Nurse

- Know the federal and state laws, regulations, and guidelines related to privacy of student health information
- Inform school administrators and colleagues about the above
- Inform students and parents about their rights to privacy and limitations to those rights

Adapted from NASN Issue Brief *Privacy Standards for Student Health Records*

Role of the School Nurse (cont.)

- Provide suggested language for policy and procedures that enhance staff compliance
- Look for opportunities to assist with staff training updates regarding confidentiality and privacy of student health records
- Ensure that health room procedures, records, and equipment are adequately secured

Adapted from NASN Issue Brief *Privacy Standards for Student Health Records*

Role of the School Nurse (cont.)

- Use functional health problems (i.e., standardized nursing diagnoses) in 504 plans, IEPs, and individualized health care plans to communicate student health and safety needs
- Use functional health problems instead of medical diagnoses whenever possible
- Distribute individualized plans to appropriate staff instead of circulating lists of students with medical conditions

Adapted from NASN Issue Brief *Privacy Standards for Student Health Records*

Questions

